

## P-Ch 30V Fast Switching MOSFETs

### Features:

- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ Excellent  $CdV/dt$  effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology

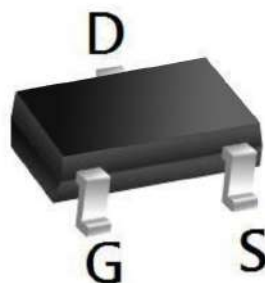
### Description:

The KNS3101 is the high cell density trenched P-ch MOSFETs, which provides excellent  $R_{DS(on)}$  and efficiency for most of the small power switching and load switch applications.

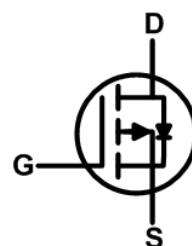
The KNS3101 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, with full function reliability approved.

### Product Summary

| BVDSS | $R_{DS(on)}$ | $I_D$ |
|-------|--------------|-------|
| -30V  | 52m $\Omega$ | -3.3A |



SOT23 Pin Configuration



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol                         | Parameter                                   | Rating     |              | Units            |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|------------------|
|                                |                                             | 10s        | Steady State |                  |
| $V_{DS}$                       | Drain-Source Voltage                        | -30        |              | V                |
| $V_{GS}$                       | Gate-Source Voltage                         | $\pm 20$   |              | V                |
| $I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -10V^1$ | -3.8       | -3.3         | A                |
| $I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -10V^1$ | -3.1       | -2.7         | A                |
| $I_{DM}$                       | Pulsed Drain Current <sup>2</sup>           | -17        |              | A                |
| $P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | Total Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>        | 1.32       | 1            | W                |
| $P_D @ T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ | Total Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>        | 0.84       | 0.64         | W                |
| $T_{STG}$                      | Storage Temperature Range                   | -55 to 150 |              | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $T_J$                          | Operating Junction Temperature Range        | -55 to 150 |              | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

### Thermal Data

| Symbol          | Parameter                                                         | Typ. | Max. | Unit               |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|--------------------|
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient <sup>1</sup>                  | ---  | 125  | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient <sup>1</sup> ( $t \leq 10s$ ) | ---  | 95   | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction-Case <sup>1</sup>                     | ---  | 80   | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)**

| Symbol                       | Parameter                                      | Conditions                                         | Min. | Typ.   | Max.      | Unit                |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------|--------|-----------|---------------------|
| $BV_{DSS}$                   | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage                 | $V_{GS}=0V, I_D=-250\mu A$                         | -30  | ---    | ---       | V                   |
| $\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$ | $BV_{DSS}$ Temperature Coefficient             | Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D=-1mA$       | ---  | -0.023 | ---       | $V/^\circ\text{C}$  |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$                 | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup> | $V_{GS}=-10V, I_D=-3A$                             | ---  | 42     | 52        | $m\Omega$           |
|                              |                                                | $V_{GS}=-4.5V, I_D=-2A$                            | ---  | 75     | 90        |                     |
| $V_{GS(th)}$                 | Gate Threshold Voltage                         | $V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=-250\mu A$                     | -1.2 | -1.6   | -2.5      | V                   |
| $\Delta V_{GS(th)}$          | $V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient           |                                                    | ---  | 4      | ---       | $mV/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $I_{DSS}$                    | Drain-Source Leakage Current                   | $V_{DS}=-24V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$     | ---  | ---    | -1        | $\mu A$             |
|                              |                                                | $V_{DS}=-24V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$     | ---  | ---    | -5        |                     |
| $I_{GSS}$                    | Gate-Source Leakage Current                    | $V_{GS}=\pm 20V, V_{DS}=0V$                        | ---  | ---    | $\pm 100$ | nA                  |
| $g_{fs}$                     | Forward Transconductance                       | $V_{DS}=-5V, I_D=-3A$                              | ---  | 11     | ---       | S                   |
| $Q_g$                        | Total Gate Charge (-4.5V)                      | $V_{DS}=-15V, V_{GS}=-4.5V, I_D=-3A$               | ---  | 6.4    | 9.0       | nC                  |
| $Q_{gs}$                     | Gate-Source Charge                             |                                                    | ---  | 2.3    | 3.2       |                     |
| $Q_{gd}$                     | Gate-Drain Charge                              |                                                    | ---  | 1.9    | 2.7       |                     |
| $T_{d(on)}$                  | Turn-On Delay Time                             | $V_{DD}=-15V, V_{GS}=-10V, R_G=3.3\Omega, I_D=-3A$ | ---  | 2.8    | 5.6       | ns                  |
| $T_r$                        | Rise Time                                      |                                                    | ---  | 8.4    | 15.1      |                     |
| $T_{d(off)}$                 | Turn-Off Delay Time                            |                                                    | ---  | 39     | 78.0      |                     |
| $T_f$                        | Fall Time                                      |                                                    | ---  | 6      | 12.0      |                     |
| $C_{iss}$                    | Input Capacitance                              | $V_{DS}=-15V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$                   | ---  | 583    | 816       | pF                  |
| $C_{oss}$                    | Output Capacitance                             |                                                    | ---  | 100    | 140       |                     |
| $C_{rss}$                    | Reverse Transfer Capacitance                   |                                                    | ---  | 80     | 112       |                     |

**Diode Characteristics**

| Symbol   | Parameter                                | Conditions                                        | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| $I_S$    | Continuous Source Current <sup>1,4</sup> | $V_G=V_D=0V$ , Force Current                      | ---  | ---  | -3.3 | A    |
| $I_{SM}$ | Pulsed Source Current <sup>2,4</sup>     |                                                   | ---  | ---  | -17  | A    |
| $V_{SD}$ | Diode Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup>       | $V_{GS}=0V, I_S=-1A, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$        | ---  | ---  | -1   | V    |
| $t_{rr}$ | Reverse Recovery Time                    | $I_F=-3A, dI/dt=100A/\mu s, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ | ---  | 7.8  | ---  | nS   |
| $Q_{rr}$ | Reverse Recovery Charge                  |                                                   | ---  | 2.5  | ---  | nC   |

Note :

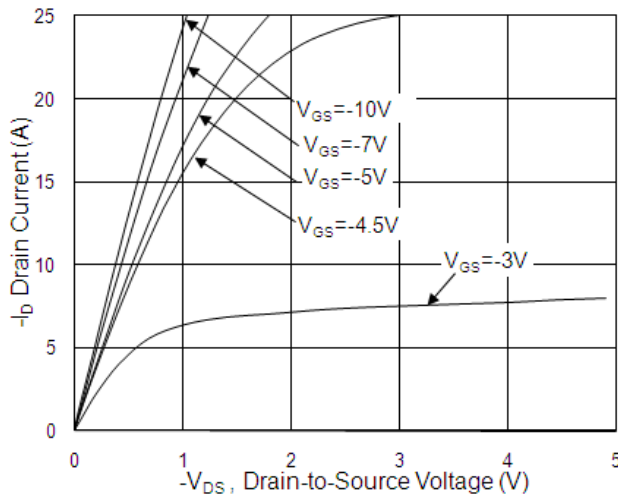
1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 20Z copper.

2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$

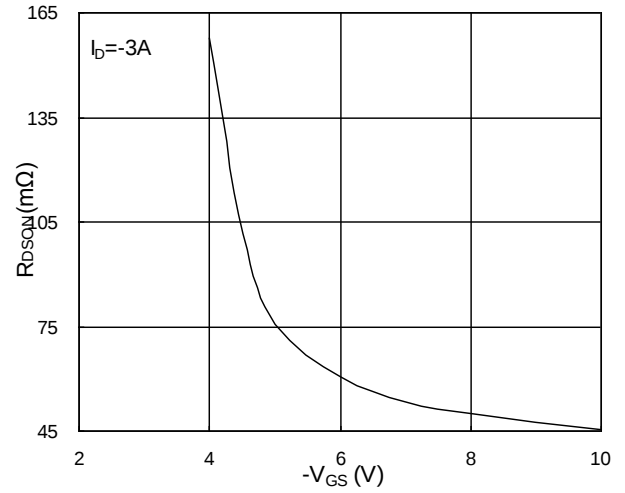
3.The power dissipation is limited by  $150^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature

4.The data is theoretically the same as  $I_D$  and  $I_{DM}$ , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

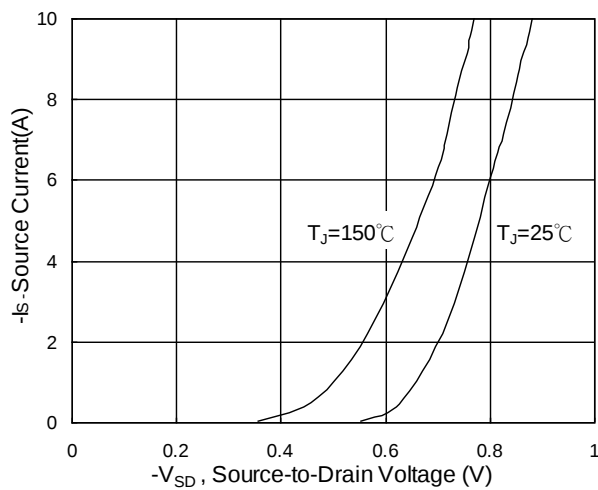
## Typical Characteristics



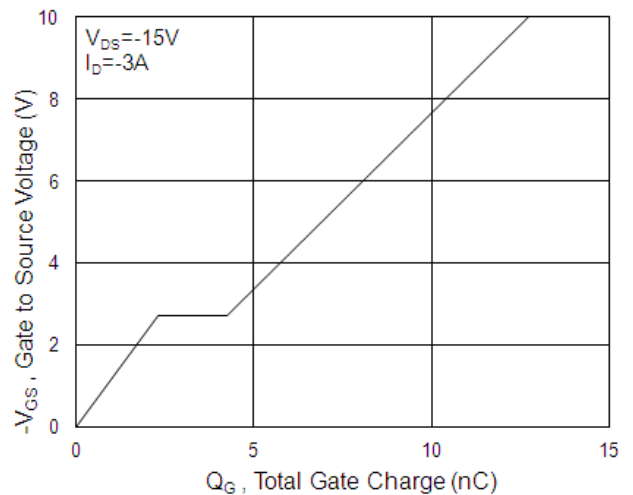
**Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics**



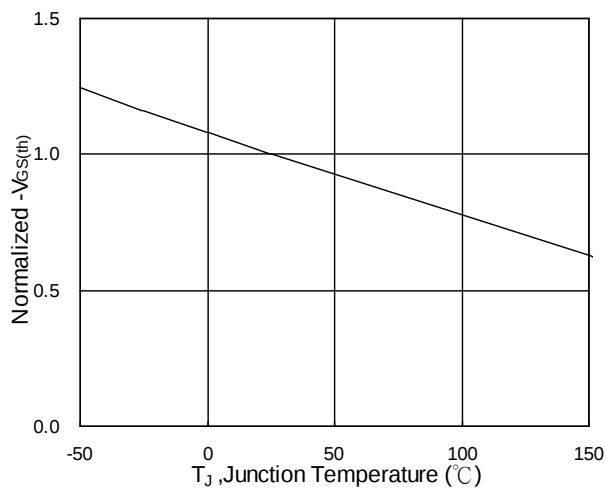
**Fig.2 On-Resistance v.s Gate-Source**



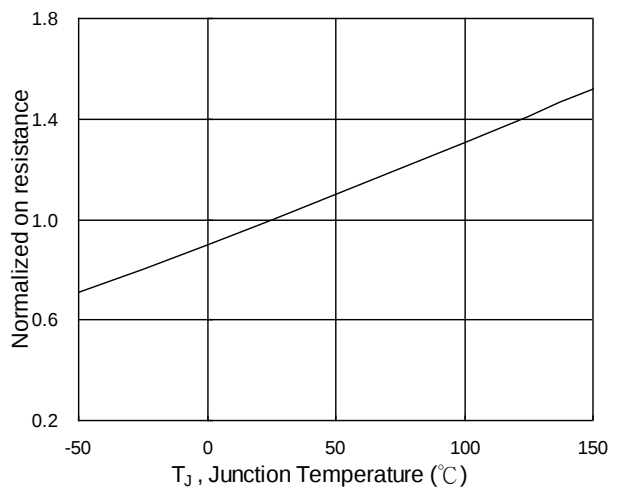
**Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse**



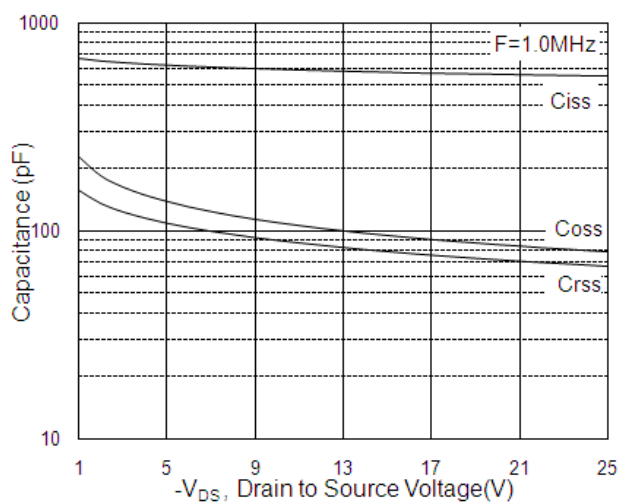
**Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics**



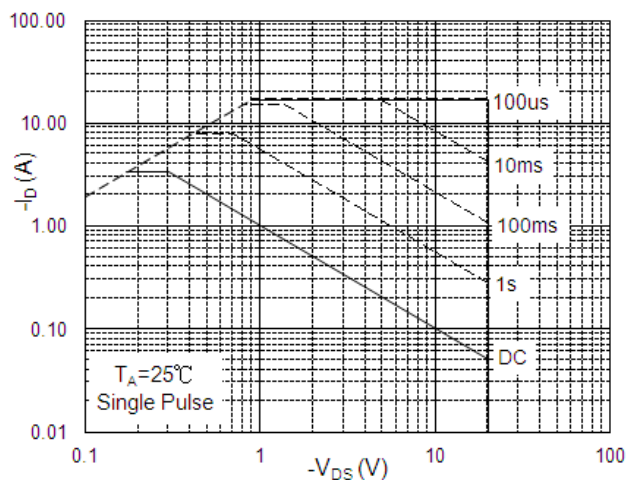
**Fig.5 Normalized  $V_{GS(th)}$  vs.  $T_J$**



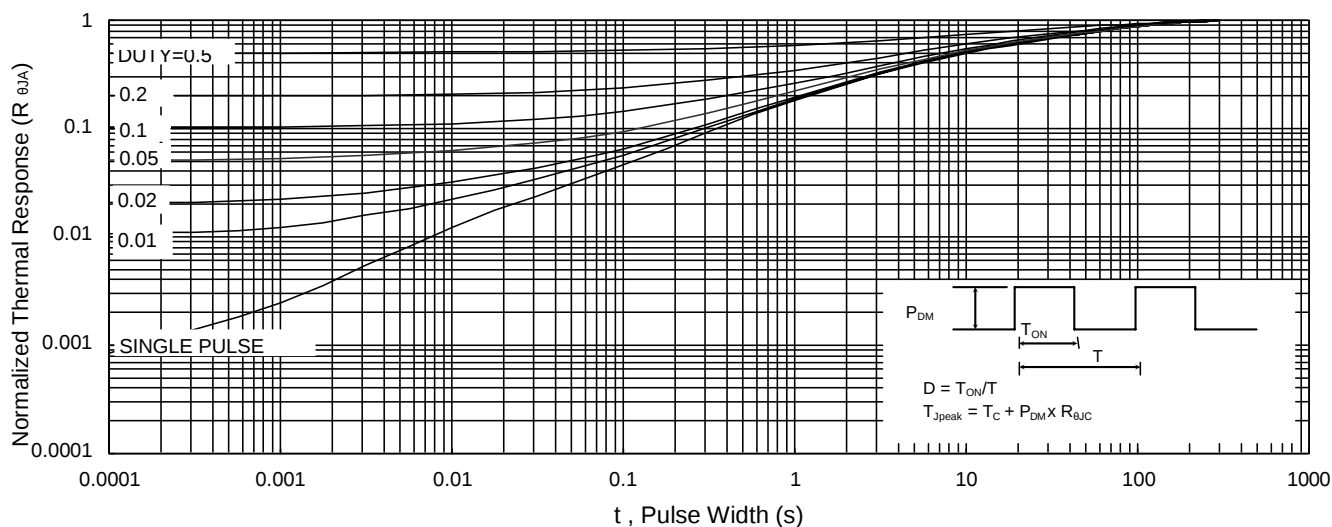
**Fig.6 Normalized  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs  $T_J$**



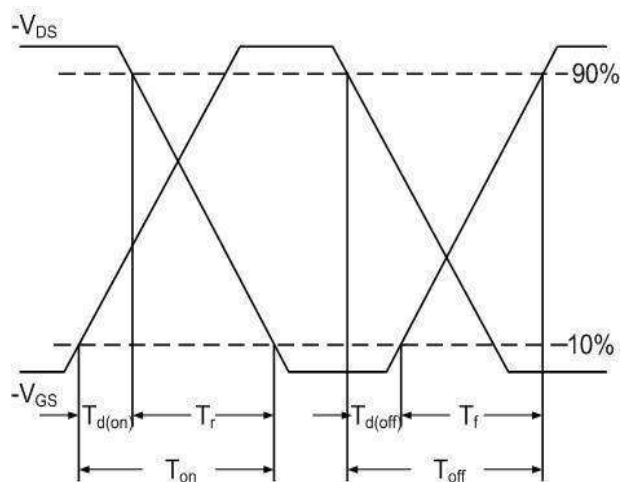
**Fig.7 Capacitance**



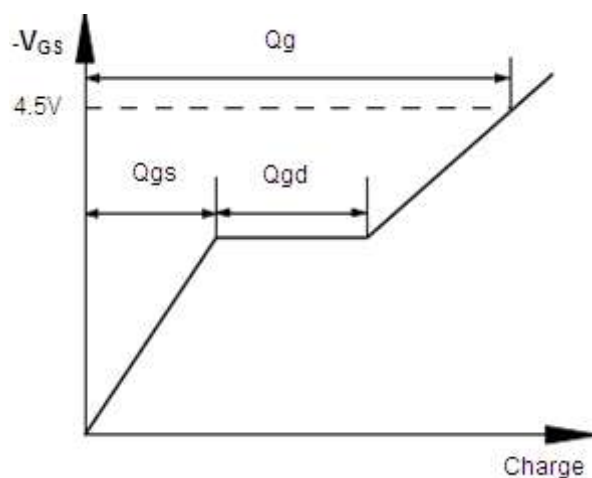
**Fig.8 Safe Operating Area**



**Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**



**Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform**



**Fig.11 Gate Charge Waveform**