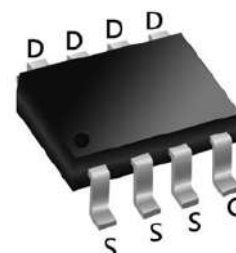


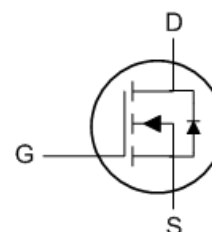
N-Ch 60V Fast Switching MOSFETs

Features:

- ★ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology



SOP8 Pin Configuration



The KSCS6016 is the high cell density trenched N-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent $R_{DS(on)}$ and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The KSCS6016 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

Product Summary

BVDSS	$R_{DS(on)}$	I_D
60V	12m Ω	8A

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	60	V
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	V
$I_D@T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V ¹	8	A
$I_D@T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V ¹	6.4	A
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ²	32	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³	72	mJ
I_{AS}	Avalanche Current	38	A
$P_D@T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	1.5	W
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient ¹	---	85	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	---	24	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	60	---	---	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	BV_{DSS} Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C , $I_D=1mA$	---	0.052	---	$V/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	$V_{GS}=10V, I_D=8A$	---	10.2	12	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=6A$	---	13	15	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=250\mu A$	1.2	---	2.5	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	-5.76	---	$mV/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS}=48V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	μA
		$V_{DS}=48V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS}=\pm 20V, V_{DS}=0V$	---	---	± 100	nA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=8A$	---	45	---	S
R_g	Gate Resistance	$V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$	---	1.5	---	Ω
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	$V_{DS}=48V, V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=8A$	---	30	---	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		---	10.7	---	
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		---	9.4	---	
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD}=30V, V_{GS}=10V, R_G=3.3\Omega, I_D=8A$	---	10.6	---	ns
T_r	Rise Time		---	9	---	
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	65.6	---	
T_f	Fall Time		---	4.8	---	
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$	---	3240	---	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		---	210	---	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	146	---	

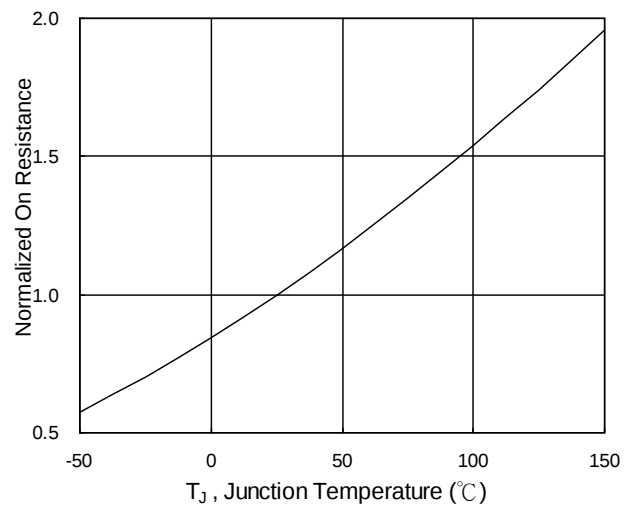
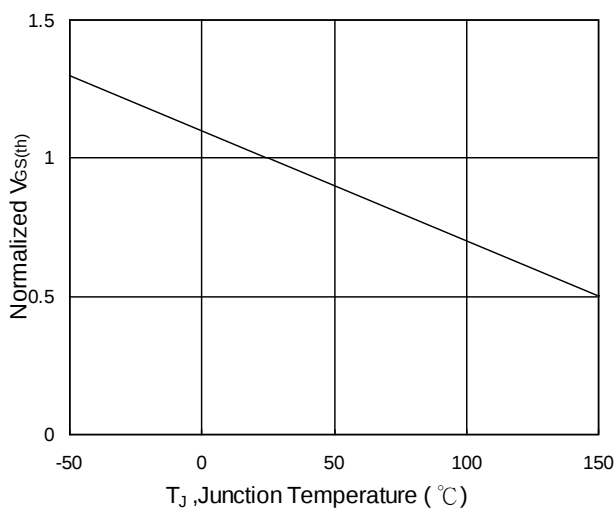
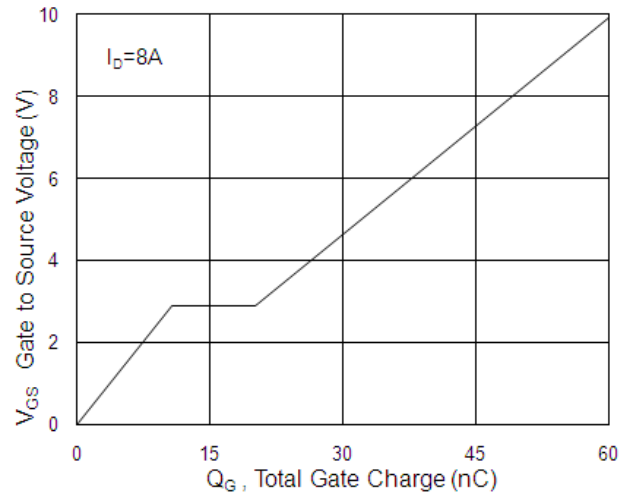
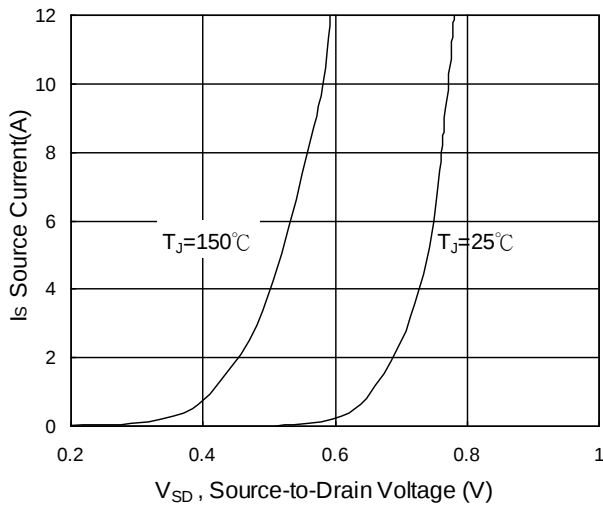
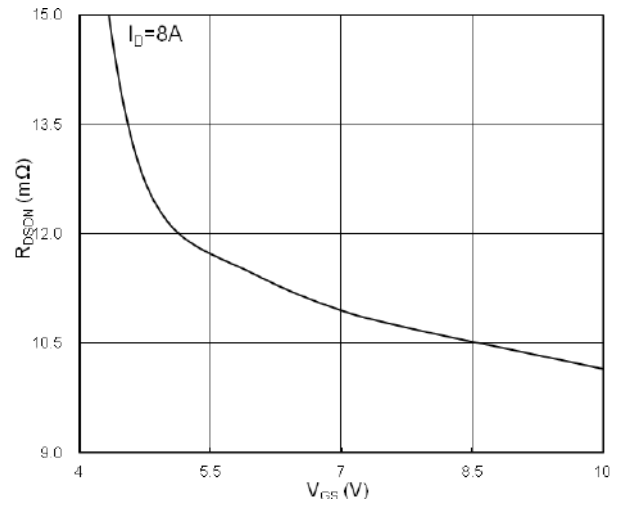
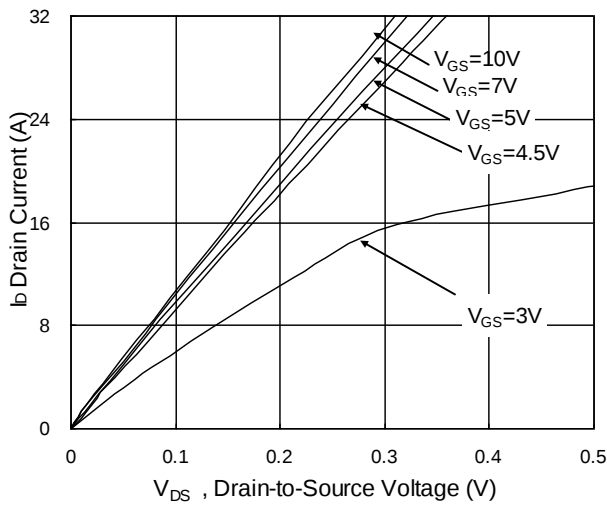
Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_S	Continuous Source Current ^{1,5}	$V_G=V_D=0V$, Force Current	---	---	8	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current ^{2,5}		---	---	32	A
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ²	$V_{GS}=0V, I_S=1A, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1.2	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=8A, dI/dt=100A/\mu s, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	18	---	nS
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		---	15.6	---	nC

Note :

1. The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 20Z copper.
2. The data tested by pulsed, pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
3. The EAS data shows Max. rating. The test condition is $V_{DD}=25V, V_{GS}=10V, L=0.1mH, I_{AS}=38A$
4. The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature
5. The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.

Typical Characteristics



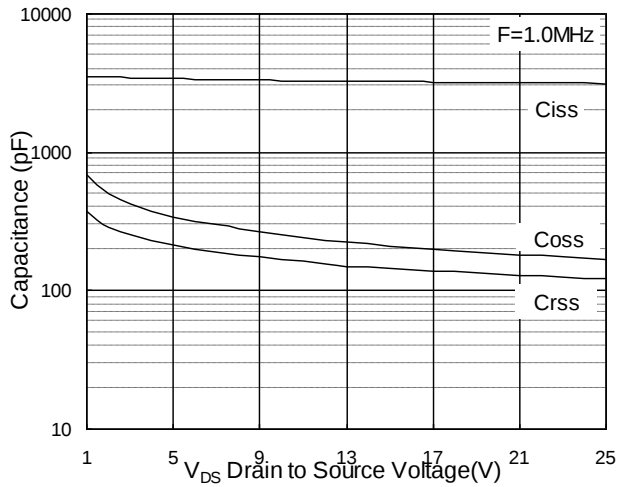


Fig.7 Capacitance

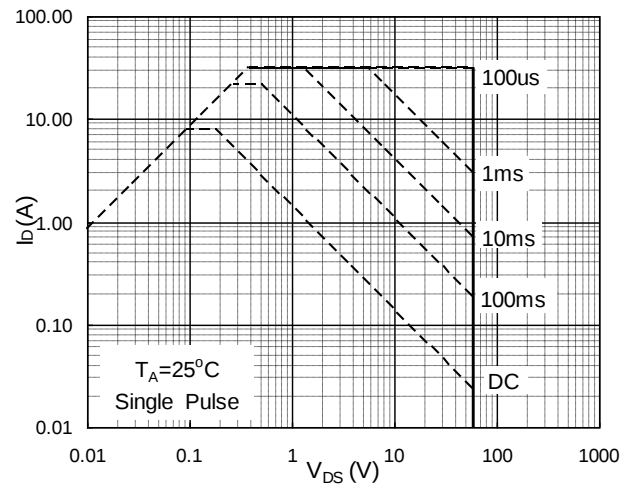


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

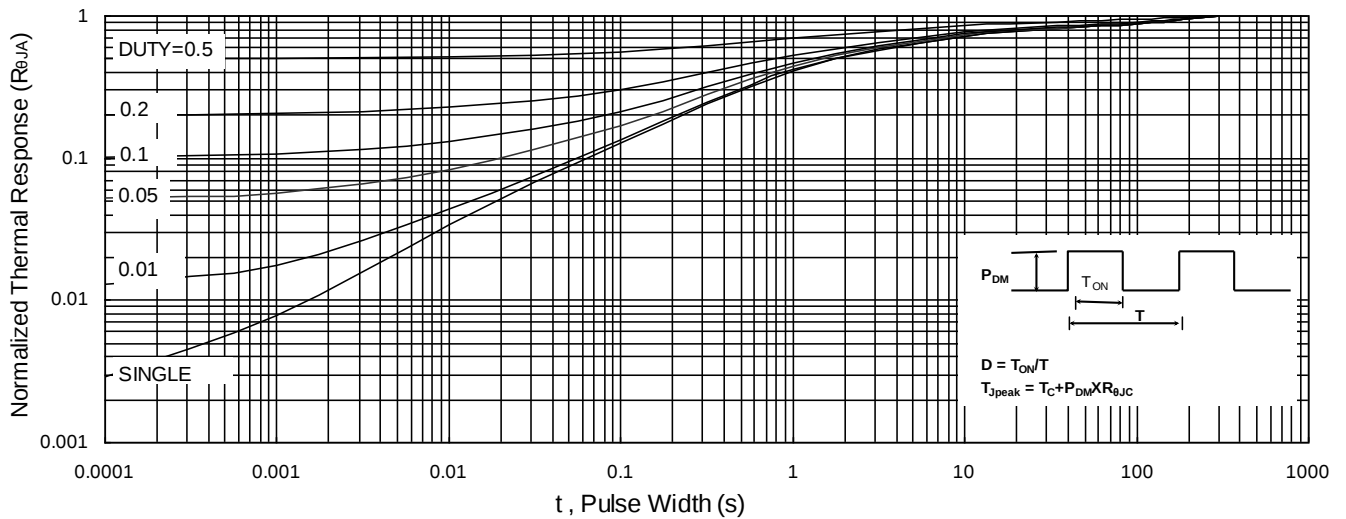


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

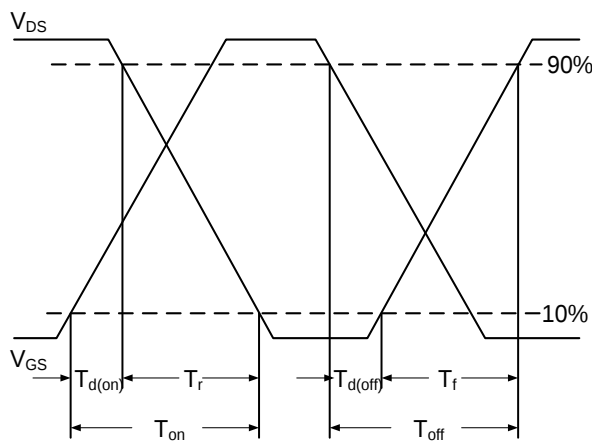


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

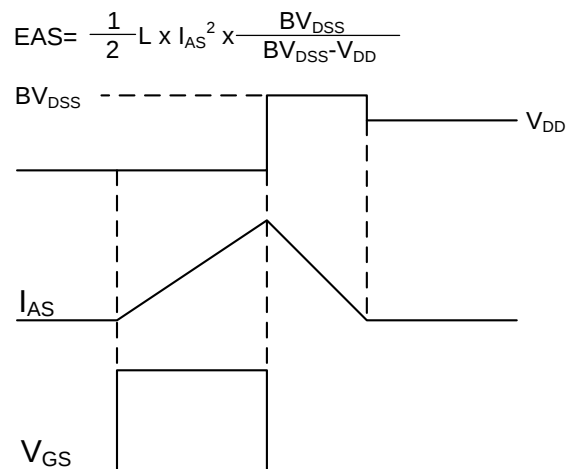


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform